

Pun U Association Wah Yan Primary School
English Grammar & Usage
(Learning Objectives for Key Stage 2 – Primary 6)

Grammar items and Structures (KS2)					
Level	Testing Objectives / Points	Examples	Test/Exam Questions		
			FA	Mid-term Exam	Final Exam
G1 Nouns					
Low	G1.1 Use nouns or noun phrases to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● identify people, animals, events and objects <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ environmental protection ■ Healthy living ■ Jobs ■ Charity ■ Invention 				
Low	G1.2 Use proper nouns to refer to organisations and events	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● He is a member of the <u>Cubs</u>. ● Which country will host the next <u>Olympic Games</u>? 			
G2 Pronouns					
Medium	G2.1 Use the indefinite pronouns “no one, somebody, anybody, everybody, nobody” to refer to people, events and objects in a general and indefinite way	There is <u>no one</u> outside.			
High	G2.1 Use the relative pronouns “which, who, that, whose, where, when, whom” to link ideas or add information to a noun or noun phrase	The boy <u>who</u> usually waters the plants is called John.			

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High	G2.3 Use the reciprocal pronouns “each other, one another” to indicate that people do the same thing and feel the same way	The twin brother and I are proud of <u>each other</u> . Our classmates often help <u>one another</u> .			
G3 Determiners					
High	G3.1 ★Use the general determiners “ both, each, several, too many, too much, none, none of ” to show quantities.	<u>Both</u> my sister and I will come to see you.			
G4 Adjectives					
High	G4.5 Use the correct order of adjectives ★ (Number, opinion, size, age, colour, origin, material, purpose)	Her <u>stylish white wedding</u> dress is in the wardrobe.			
G5 Verbs					
Medium	G5.1 Use the simple present tense to talk about future possibilities or plans	If it <u>rains</u> , we shall stay at home.			
High	G5.2 Use the present continuous tense to talk about definite plans or arrangements in the future ★	I <u>am meeting</u> Jackie tonight. Uncle Tom <u>is visiting</u> us next Sunday. My parents <u>are coming</u> back from Japan today.			
Medium	G5.3 Use “ be+going to ” to describe events that will occur quite soon	It <u>is going to</u> rain.			

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Medium	G5.4 Use the modals “ could, might, ought to ” to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Make request ● Express future possibilities ● Express duties 	<u>Could</u> you take some photographs for us? We <u>might</u> go to and English study tour this summer. She <u>ought to</u> collect the exercise books from us.			
Medium	G5.5 Use phrasal verbs to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● indicate actions ● indicate conditions ● show prohibitions 	The mouse <u>ran away</u> . Let’s <u>pick up</u> the rubbish. <u>Keep off</u> the grass.			
High	G5.6 ★ Use to-infinitive and bare infinitive to talk about activities	Our club agreed <u>to donate</u> \$500 to charity. Tommy refused <u>to eat</u> his vegetables. Miss Ho told Simon <u>to be</u> quiet. Will your mother <u>let</u> you <u>go</u> on the camping trip? The teacher <u>made</u> William <u>clean</u> the blackboard.			
G6Adverbs					
Medium	G6.1 Use adverbs or adverb phrases to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Express frequency(usually, frequently, generally, occasionally, rarely) 	Susan <u>frequently</u> listen to music.			
Low					
G76 Prepositions					

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Medium	<p>G7.1 Use prepositions or prepositional phrases to indicate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● indicate periods of time (until, before, after) ● ★except, including 	<p>I'll wait here <u>until</u> six o'clock.</p> <p><u>After</u> the meeting last night, I tested his sister at once.</p> <p>I haven't told anyone <u>except</u> your dad.</p>			
G8 Connectives					

Grammar items and Structures (KS2)					
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Low	G8.1 Use the connectives “ until, although, therefore, if, unless, either...or , neither...nor ” to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● link contrasting ideas (Although) ● show results ● express conditions (if, unless) ● show choices or express alternatives (either...or) ● show two things that are not true or possible (neither...nor) ● express time (until) 	<p><u>Although</u> Jane is shortsighted, she does not wear glasses.</p> <p>The dog barked at the burglar. <u>Therefore</u>, he ran away.</p> <p>If it is sunny tomorrow, we will go on an outing.</p> <p>You can have either soup or salad.</p> <p>Neither Andy nor I enjoyed the movie.</p>			
G9 Sentence patterns					
High	Passive construction	The poem <u>is written</u> by Anthony Browne.			
G10 Formation of words					
Medium	G10.1 ★ Prefixes and suffixes	Correct → correction Happy → unhappy Beauty → beautiful			
Medium	G10.2 ★ Antonyms, synonyms, homonyms				

★not in the Lighthouse textbook

Prior knowledge		Test / Exam Questions		
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